

THE SUPREME COURT
HONG KONG

IN BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE.—K'WOK YING SHEW, residing at No. 40, Lower Macao Row, Victoria, Hongkong, Trader, having been adjudged a Bankrupt, by the Honorable Judge for Adjudication in Bankruptcy, filed in the Supreme Court of Hongkong, on the 1st day of June, 1885, and having passed his last examination at Public Sitting held before the Honorable EDWARD JAMES KROYD, Acting Puisne Judge of the said Court, on MONDAY, the 15th day of November, 1885, in pursuance of an application by the Bankrupt for his Order of Discharge stands adjourned until THURSDAY, the 19th day of November, 1885, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

ALFRED GASCOYNE WISE, Esquire, is the Official Assignee, in the Bankruptcy, and the undersigned are the Solicitors, acting for the Bankrupt.

Dated this 2nd day of November, 1885.

DENYS & GROSSOP,
43, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong.

1894.]

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The Company's Steamship

"NESTOR".
Captain Nish, will be despatched as above on
SATURDAY, 14th instant.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents,
Hongkong, 7th November, 1855. 1855

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY.
LIMITED.

FOR PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY
ISLAND, COOKTOWN, TOWNSVILLE,
BRISBANE, SYDNEY AND MEL-
BOURNE, VIA POOCHOW.

THE Steamship

"WHAMPOA."
Captain Williams, will be despatched as above
on WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst., at FOUR
P.M.
This vessel has unusually good Cabin Accom-
modation, situated amidships, upon the upper
deck.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents,
Hongkong, 9th November, 1855. 1855

FOR HAYTIE AND HAMBURG,
VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"OLYMPIA."
Captain Christiansen, will be despatched for the
above Ports on the 11th inst.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
SIEMSEN & Co.,
Agents,
Hongkong, 9th November, 1855. 1855

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF
HONGKONG.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE—GEORGE HOLMES, of the Colony
of Hongkong, Ship and Passenger Broker
having been adjudged Bankrupt, under a Pro-
tection for Adjudication of Bankruptcy filed in the
Supreme Court of Hongkong, on the 16th day of
October, 1855, a Public Meeting for the said
Bankrupt to meet his creditors, and make
application for his Order of Discharge will be
held before the Honorable Sir GEORGE PHIL-
LIPPO, Knight, Chief Justice of the said Colony
on WEDNESDAY, the 14th inst., at 11 o'clock
precisely, at the Court House, in the City of
Hongkong.

ALFRED GARDINER WISE, Esquire, is the
Official Assignee in the Bankruptcy, and the
Undersigned are the Solicitors acting for the
Bankrupt.

The First Meeting of Creditors has been
held and at the Public Sitting above mentioned
proofs of Debt of Creditors who have a
claim will be received and the said Bankrupt
will be required to surrender himself to the
Court and to submit himself for the trial of the
debts and to make full disclosure and delivery of all
his estate and Effects and to finish his examination
Dated this 5th day of November, 1853.

TTON & DEACON,
Solicitors. Acting in the Bankruptcy.

1892.] Hongkong.

NOTICE.

FOR THE CONVENIENCE
OF CUSTOMERS the Productions of
"CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED"
can henceforward be obtained by Retail or
Wholesale at the same Price as at the same
Prices as at the Refinery:—Retail or
Wholesale will be delivered at addresses in town or upon
cable cars forwarding the same to the wharves
in writing direct to the Refinery at East Point
General Agents.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.
Hongkong, 28th J. 1892.

COLLIER MASTER & CO.
Wine Shippers
OF LONDON, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BEN-
GALORE, MADRAS, LAROK, KUPPAGE, &c.
Their Representatives in China—
Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & CO. Hong-
kong, SHANGHAI, SWATOW, &c.
"LANE, CRAWFORD & CO." SINGAPORE.
Call attention to some of the houses consigned
to them by the following names:—

CLARETS, MOSES, HARVEST, & JAMES
in Queen Victoria's Coronation
SHERRY, Selected White Seal and Amontillado
MANZANILLA.
These Sherries are also shipped in Jars.
INVALIDS' PORT WINE—recommenced
-SCOTCH WHISKY, free from fusel oil
-IRISH WHISKY—the best.
-GENUINE COGNAC of several qualities
distinguished by number of
Prices and List of other items on application
either of the above firms.

A FONG, PHOTOGRAPHER
STUDIO, ICE HOUSE LANE,
BEHIND NEW ORIENTAL BAZAR,
Hongkong.
HAS A LARGER CHOICE, and more complete
COLLECTION of VIEWS, than any other
in the Empire, the Copies of which are
to be purchased at his Studio or Messrs
KELLY & WALSH, 10, ROYAL MINT
and all the PRINCIPALITIES of Superior Excellence
and High Finish, painted under
close Supervision.
INSTANTANEOUS VIEWS, GROUPS, and
Landscape, at different rates, taken daily.

To maintain this age old reputation of our
 well known FOUR STAR COGNAC
 has for many years been celebrated for we re-
 cation of Silver, cannot offer it for less
 \$12, allowing discount to resellers. We
 confident that British Residents in China
 prefer that we should maintain the reputa-
 for excellence that our Brandy has earned.
 Our FOUR STAR quality is held by the
 esteemed friends Messrs. JARDINE, MATH-
 & Co. and Messrs. SIMSSEN & Co. for
 who have also to offer several Wines of
 Shipping.
 1690)
 CUTLER, PALMER &
 GEORGE GOULI
 CHAMPAGNE.
 PUSTAI & Co.,
 Agents.
 Hongkong, 16th January, 1894.

INTIMATIONS.

CHINESE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT
RIGHT PER CENT. LOAN OF 1881.

FIFTH DRAWING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that in conformity with the stipulation contained in the Bonds of this Loan, the following Numbers of Bonds to be paid off at Par at the Office of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, in Hongkong, on the 7th day of November, 1885, when the interest thereon will cease to be payable, were this day Drawn at the Office of the said Corporation in Hongkong, in the presence of Mr. HERBERT MAURICE BEAVIS, Acting Chief Accountant of the said Corporation, and of the undersigned Notary.

NUMBERS OF BONDS DRAWN.

1000 Bonds, Nos.

2	10	18	26	34	42	50
58	66	74	82	90	98	106
114	122	130	138	146	154	162
170	178	186	194	202	210	218
226	234	242	250	258	266	274
282	290	298	306	314	322	330
338	346	354	362	370	378	386
394	402	410	418	426	434	442
450	458	466	474	482	490	498
506	514	522	530	538	546	554
562	570	578	586	594	602	610
618	626	634	642	650	658	666
674	682	690	698	706	714	722
730	738	746	754	762	770	778
786	794	802	810	818	826	834
842	850	858	866	874	882	890
898	906	914	922	930	938	946
954	962	970	978	986	994	1002

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until discontinued.

Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication.

After that hour the supply is limited.

INTIMATIONS.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S
CARDS.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.

Just received a varied assortment from the

best ENGLISH, AMERICAN, and GERMAN

allowing a selection out of several

hundreds

At PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

By Parcel Post ornamental Cards and small

Presents can be sent home very cheaply

A. S. WATSON & Co.,

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications on Editorial matters should be

addressed "The Editor," and those on business "The

Manager," and not to individuals by name.

Correspondents are requested to forward their names

and addresses with communications addressed to the

Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good

faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one

side of the paper only.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not

ordered for a fixed period will be continued until

discontinued.

Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press should

be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication.

After that hour the supply is limited.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, NOVEMBER 9th, 1885.

This Tientsin correspondent of the N. C.

Daily News says that an uneasy feeling exists

at Peking with regard to the Victory of

Chihli having at his back so large a military

force. It is rumored that Prince Chun

will shortly go to Tientsin to assume the

control of the military and naval forces that

are about to be organized. If there be any

truth in these reports, it would seem probable

that the long existing jealousy of the

power of Li Hsiang-shan in the capital

is at length likely to bear some fruit. The

enemies of the great Victory are numerous

and powerful, and some of them would gladly

see him out of some of his strength. The

virtual dictatorship in regard to China's

foreign policy which he has thought to have

so long held, is however, not so real as some

persons have imagined. There is no doubt

that the Victory has, by his great talents

and experience, together with his knowledge

of foreigners, been indispensable to the

Peking Government, and there is equally little

doubt that the military power he has wielded

has served for years past to hold his foes in

check and secured his continuance both

in office and in the Imperial favor. But

great as Li Hsiang-shan's influence is, it is

not sufficient, as has been proved on several

recent occasions, to prevail over the expres-

sions of the Consort or those of the

Board of Revenue. There are occasions

when the Victory himself has to acquiesce

in the reactionary views of the mandarins

and wait for a more favorable opportunity

to press his projects upon the Throne. If,

however, it is to be deprived of the direc-

tion of the forces of Chihli, the trained

troops which he has with so much care and

trouble brought to a pitch of efficiency un-

known to the rest of the Chinese army, he

will lose an indispensable portion of his in-

fluence, and will be more vulnerable to at-

tack. He is wealthy and could be squeezed

as extensively as he would be a mark for

denigration, and sooner or later would

share the fate of Orosio How. But will his

Excellency quietly submit to the measures

proposed? Will he consent to allow the

engines of power to be removed from his

control? And will the troops, which are

said to be devoted to him, be content with

such a change? The Victory of Chihli

has so far acquiesced in the efforts made to

centralize authority at Peking, and has aided

to strengthen the hands of the Imperial

Government, but will he continue to do so

when the next move is directed to stripping

him of some of his power? The wisdom of

such an attempt may be seriously questioned.

If the Victory of Chihli be

beyond dispute, and he has never yet shown

the slightest disposition to aspire to greater

things, while he has undeniably served the in-

terests of his country faithfully and well—

it would be a huge mistake to drive him

into either rebellion or resignation, and if

shabbily treated he might elect to follow one

of those two courses. It would be more es-

pecially a mistake at the present moment,

just when China has lost the services of the

late TAO-YU-TANG, to treat Li with sus-

picion or indignity. It is impossible to say

what the view of P. H. CHEN on the sub-

ject may be, and we are not aware in what

light he regards the Victory of Chihli, but

there is, we think, sufficient cause among the

Peking mandarin to convince them that any

scheme to diminish the power and prestige

of Li Hsiang-shan will be risky and unwise,

as well as ungrateful.

This situation in Tientsin and Annam at

present must prove extremely unsatisfactory

to the French authorities. So far from the

conclusion of peace with China having put

an end to their difficulties, they find they

have still to conquer their new territory.

The conflict between the French and Chinese

forces seems to have been just sufficient to

bring the Black Flag and the natives fairly on

their feet and to place them in a position to

fight for themselves. Travelling in the country

from one French post to another is unsafe,

as of pincy on the rivers and canals are

frequent, and in fact immediately beyond

the French line there is no security for

either life or property. But it is not mere

personal disorder and lawlessness that have

to be reckoned with. We hear of French com-

missions in this direction, and in that di-

rection, under the command of Generals,

and which are evidently expected to en-

counter an enemy capable of offering a sub-

stantial resistance. General Courcy has

just returned from an expedition to Thanh-

ui, and on his arrival at Hanoi immedi-

ately set out again to superintend the op-

erations of General Negrier's column in the

direction of Haiphong.

The return of the Collector of Stamp Revenue

for the month of October is published in

Saturday's Gazette. It shows that the revenue

for the month amounted to \$1,098,933 as compared

with \$1,235,322 in October, 1884, a decrease of

\$126,389. The principal items of decrease were

those of exchange and promissory notes amounting

to \$1,010,100 and adhesive stamps \$294,335. There

was a considerable increase in the sums derived from

sales of opium, and from the sale of opium, and

transfer of shares, and bank charges.

The following returns of the average amount

of Bank notes in circulation and of specie in re-

servation in Hongkong, during the month-end of

31st October, 1885, as supplied by the respective

banks, are published in the Saturday's Gazette:

Bank of China

Bank of Communications

Bank of India

Bank of Japan

Bank of Korea

Bank of Persia

Bank of Siam

Bank of Tonkin

Bank of Yunnan

Bank of Zeylan

Bank of the Straits

Bank of the Philippines

Bank of the Celebes

Bank of the Moluccas

Bank of the East Indies

Bank of the West Indies

Bank of the South Sea Islands

Bank of the North Sea Islands

Bank of the Arctic Islands

Bank of the Antarctic Islands

Bank of the Equatorial Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

Bank of the Polar Islands

Bank of the Subpolar Islands

Bank of the Subarctic Islands

Bank of the Subtropical Islands

Bank of the Temperate Islands

4.—No orders must exceed £10 or \$50 (unless drawn on India when 150 rupees in the limit) nor will more than two such orders be issued to the same person, in favour of the same payee by the same mail.

5.—Orders on the United Kingdom Government must not exceed £5 or the United Kingdom of Postal Notes, to which see separate notices for the Hongkong Postal Guide.

6.—Sums not exceeding \$50 may be remitted between the ports of China by means of Postage stamps, subject to the following conditions:—(a) Cashings; (b) money orders can be granted at Hongkong or Shanghai on ports where there are Agencies of the Hongkong Post Office.

General Post Office
Hongkong, September 1st, 1885.

* Small remittances can be made in three places by means of the Hongkong and Shanghai Post Office or the

